THE BEE
WASHINGTON

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The Dark Secrets

HON. GEORGE C. PERKINS. REMINISCENCES OF EX-SENATOR GEORGE C. SMITH, OF SOME PROMINENT OBERLIN MEN.

Editor of The Bee:

You ask me to give to your many readers something of the Oberlin men who have entered public life and won distinction along that line.

In the absence of any formal data and in the short time I have to get myself together, I must trust almost wholly to my memory running back forty-three years.

When I tell you, that, of the three thousand men—I speak in round numbers, who have garduated from that institution, and the thousands of undergraduates who have gone forth since the first class of 1837, that only nine of that number have entered upon a public career you may think it strange and unusual, and yet, when you consider the dominant idea underlying the establishment of the institution in 1833—it is not at all surprising.

The men and women who conceived the thought of such a school and put it into execution, were of the loftiest Christian spirit—inspired as it were—deeply imbued with an uplift of the lowly: the building up of the cause of Christ and the spreading abroad His Kingdom on earth among all nations of the earth: the co-education of the sexes and the races—the first experiment up to that time, in this country.

In its very inception they believed in and taught the Fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. They taught hard work, self reliance: a school of perfect equality, in all that the term implies; hence I say that it is not strange that so great a number of those students should have taken to the professions: Ministry, Medicine, Law, teaching, and business, and so few should have gone into the uncertain whirligig of politics.

The election of Senator Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, to succeed Senator J. B. Foraker, is the ninth Oberlin man to win distinction in the higher realms of public life.

Senator Burton and J. Milton Turner of Missouri, are the only ones living of that number..

No Oberlin man entered public life until 1862, when President Lincoln appointed Professor Peck, of the class of 1846—then a professor in that college—Minister to Haiti, where he died 1867 after five years of splendid service.

Professor J. D. Cox, of the class of 1851, at the time of his appointment—1869— was professor in the Cincinnati Law School, was called to Grant's Cabinet as Secretary of the Interior and was, for many years thereafter, a prominent figure in Ohio politics. About the same time, J. Milton Turner, of Missouri, an undergraduate, then one of the most polished orators of the West, and a man of commanding influence in his section, was appointed, through the influence of Senators Carl Schurtz and B. Grats Brown, of Missouri, Minister to Liberia, at which post he remained for eight years, a credit to himself and his alma mater, and an honor to his government. His state papers have never been surpassed, if equalled by any subsequent Minister. This field was too small for his splendid abilities, so in 1877 he requested to be relieved. He has however, won his greatest distinction—greater because the field was wider—as the Attorney for the Freedmen of the five civilized tribes of the Indian Territory—a position he has continuously held for twenty-three years; receiving the largest fees of any colored man at the Bar—ranging from $15,000 to $75,000: securing for his clientele millions in money and millions of acres of lands—placing them upon an equal footing, as to their legal rights to share in the lands and moneys of those tribes to which they had, hitherto, been deprived by their former masters.

He has successfully fought several cases through the court of claims, involving millions in vested rights, until today, his clientele, as a class, are the wealthiest colored people in this country.

Professor James Monroe, of the class of 1846, a professor in the college was appointed, by President Grant, our Minister to Japan. He took with him, as Secretary to the Legation, the late Durham White Stevens, of the class of 1871. Professor Monroe remained there for some years when he was called home to represent the Oberlin District in Congress, where he toook high rank with the ablest men in that body. His Secretary to the Legation—Stevens, remained in Japan and became a zitizen of that country, where he became a great power. as Attorney General. Perhaps no American ever had so many honors bestowed upon him as Stevens. He became one of the greatest diplomats of that country or any country, He was recently assassinated in San Francisco by a fanatic.

The sixth man to win honors, in many ways, was the late Senator B. K. Bruce.—an undergraduate, as was Turner.

During the thirty-two years I was associated with him, as class mate, companion, confidential secretary and political manager, I wrote much of him for the press, hence there is but little I can say of him that is not known. I may add, however, that although he was not a college man, there were few men better equipped for the public service: from the day he joined me at Oberlin he became a student and was until his death—thirty-three years afterward. He laid a foundation so broad and comprehensive and builded upon it so well that he was a master mind in any emergency and for any undertaking.

After he left our class at Oberlin, in 1867, I remained, as a student, till 1872 when he sought me, at my home at Leavenworth, upon his return from the Philadelphia National Convention as a delegate from Mississippi. He came to urge upon me to give up my course at Oberlin and join him in Mississippi as his tutor and confidential secretary, and assist him as his manager, in his fight he intended to make for a seat in the United States Senate to succeed Senator Ames, whose term would expire March 4 1875. His offer was most flattering: five dollars per day—beginning that day in June if I would come to him by October 1, and after a residence in the state six months, to gain a legal residence he would resign as Superintendent of Public Instruction, paying five dollars per day—and have the State Board of Education name me as his successor, and any other position I might seek in the State. Flattering as were these offers — such as rarely came to a young man, I was so determined to carry out the dream of my childhood and the fondest hopes, as a young man, to complete a full course, that I declined them all and returned to Oberlin in September for the fall term. There letters and telegrams came in urging me to come to him. Finally I submitted the matter to my wife—them my affianced— who decided with Mr. Bruce to go even if I remained but one year: so September 26, 1872, found me at his home in Boliver County. We, at once taking up the curriculum of Oberlin, mapped out a course of study, omitting the classics he reading the literal translation of them. With his multiplicity of offices—for he then held six—he never neglected this course of study until he prepared to come here to take his seat in the United States Senate, March 4, 1875.

I did not accompany him; he did not wish me to resign my position as Superintendent of Public Instruction: as silent Secretary of State,; Regent to the State University, nor my seat in the State Senate, then in session, until I had secured certain legislation for our county and settle up his financial affairs in my charge. Then, too, Governor Ames had just appointed

Continued on the 5th page.

Blame Themselves

TAFT CANCELS ADDRESS TO NEGROES HERE

Writes Letter of Request to Asa G. Candler.

Atlanta, Ga. — President Asa G. Candler, of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, received Friday a letter from President-elect Taft requesting a cancelation of the meeting with Negroes at Big Bethel church during Mr. Taft's visit January 16. The letter assigns a split among the Atlanta Negroes as the reason for this request.

Mr. Candler intends to reply to the letter, he says, and will cancel the engagement at Big Bethel if the president-elect still wishes it, but he will deny that any factional differences exist among the Atlanta Negroes over the visit of Mr. Taft.

"Everything had been satisfactorily settled," Mr. Candler stated Friday afternoon, "and all the Negroes were satisfied with the arrangements for Mr. Taft to speak at Big Bethel. We were, of course, surprised to receive the request from Mr. Taft, but we shall comply with it if he wishes us to, after he hears the facts."

It is said outside of the Chamber of Commerce circles that a faction of Negroes, headed by H .L. Johnson, the lawyer, objected to the meeting at Big Bethel, on the ground that it was too small to accomodate the crowd that would like to meet the next president. Bishop Wesley Gaines, Professor W. E. B. DuBois and others in charge of the meeting had arranged to send out invitations for the gathering, and Johnson and his faction felt that some might be slighted. It is said Johnson told these facts to Mr. Hitchcock on the occasion of the campaign manager's visit to Atlanta recently, and that the request of Mr. Taft to the Chamber of Commerce is the result.

Th request from Mr. Taft is taken is some quarters as significant of the future attitude of the administration toward the Negroes of Georgia. Those who look at it from this viewpoint believe the policy of Mr. Taft will be to ignore the Negroes politically and encourage them to build themselves up industrially.

The business men of the District will give a testimonial dinner to Mr. S. W. Woodward, the 15th of next month in honor of his tenth anniversary as president of the Young Men's Christian Association.

A GIFTED WOMAN.

Miss Nannie H. Burroughs, formerly of this city but now residing in Louisville, Kentucky, and has been for a number of years, is one of the most gifted speakers in the United States. Miss Burroughs is the manager of the Old Folks' Baptist Home, an institution that is being erected under the auspices of the Baptist denomination. The home is almost paid for, indeed, over one half of the indebtedness on the home is paid.

As a public speaker she has a reputation of which any woman ought to feel proud. A few years ago, when she went abroad as a delegate to London, Miss Burroughs, when called upon to speak, electrified the vast assembly to such an extent that the telegraphic reports sent to America were of such a flattering nature they gave her a national reputation.

MISS NANNIE H. BURROUGHS.
ONE OF THE MOST GIFTED SPEAKERS IN THE COUNTRY, AND A WOMAN OF ENERGY.

Miss Burroughs is a native Washingtonian, having graduated from the public schools of this city. Whenever she is called upon to speak she is ever ready to respond in clear cut logic and eloquence. There is no woman in America today her equal. The denomination with which she is connected, honor and respect her. She has done great work for the Baptist Home, of which she is the manager, and her coming to the city in February is for the purpose of collecting enough money to pay off the entire indebtedness.

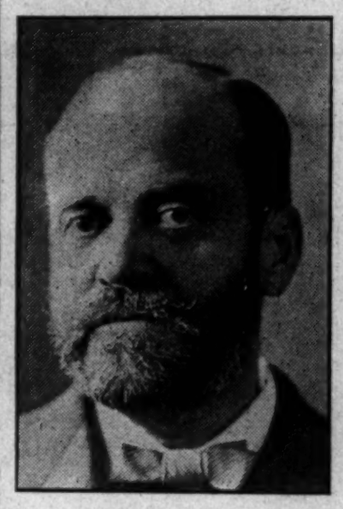
If there were more females in this country on the order of Miss Burroughs, the race would be blessed. She is a woman of honesty. She believes in helping her people. She is not on the graft order, but a woman of sincerity.

The Bee wishes her long life and prosperity.

THE SENIOR UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM CALIFORNIA.

We, the members of the National Colored Personal Liberty League, representing over 600,000 colored voters in the United States and several hundred in the State of California, an organization that has always been true and loyal to the Republican party and who did valuable work in the recent campaign, take great pleasure in presenting to the colored voters of the country the Honorable George C. Perkins, the senior Senator from California, whose cut and biography appear in this week's issue of The Washington Bee. Senator Perkins is one of the most popular Senators in the United States Senate on account of his kind and business disposition. He is a true friend to the colored race and has made a great many friends here in Washington since he came to the Senate. He has a great many friends among his colleagues, both Republicans and Democrats. Senator Perkins is always in his seat in the Senate, when not engaged in a committee meeting. The voters of California should feel proud of having such an able statesman as Senator Perkins to represent them at this time when the Democratic party is doing all in its power to disfranchise the Negro in every Southern State, and to take from them all the rights and privileges guaranteed them by the Constitution.

It is to be regretted that in the late campaign there were quite a number of colored voters in California who



voted the Democratic ticket; for what reason we are at a loss to know. We did not believe that any colored voter in the State of California would be so ungrateful as to vote against such men as Senator Perkins and Representative Kahn, who have always proven their loyalty to the Negro race, but we feel safe in saying that we voice the sentiments of every intelligent Negro in California, when we say that it is their best wishes and desire to see Senator Perkins returned to the United States Senate to fill the position for six years more, and we also feel safe in saying that we hope the time will come when Senator Perkins will be called to fill a higher and exalted position.

NEGRO BANDMASTER

Washington, D. C.
January 6, 1909.

To the Editor of The Washington Bee:

Dear Sir:—

Permit me to state through the columns of your valuable paper a few facts bearing upon the bandmastership of the Twenty Fourth Infantry, United States Army. Upon certain overtures made to me, I made application for said position, prior to the expiration of enlisment of the present bandmaster.

At the expiration of that enlistment, with the permission of the Department of War, the said bandmaster reenlisted, and my application was returned to me with the indorsement

"As there was no vacancy for the Bandmastership for the Twenty Fourth Infantry, no appointment could be made."

This very naturally closed the incident.

Very respectfully yours,
Alexander Sewall,
1612 Church St., N. W.
Washington, D. C.

W. Calvin Chase, Esquire,
1109 I Street, City.

My dear Mr. Chase:—

I thought I would write you a few words expressing my appreciation for the manner in which you treated the proceedings of the Business League banquet in your paper. We could hardly have expected more from you as a member of our League, and we all ought to appreciate the interest that you show us from time to time, in freely giving the League the publicity that you do.

Very sinecrely,
W. Sidney Pittman,
President.

READ THE BEE.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

Mr. W. T. Vernon is booked for a number of speeches during the month of February in different places in Oklahoma, under the auspices of the State Constitutional League.

Mr. William F. Taylor, who died at his home in Baltimore, Maryland, last week, was for many years a very prominent figure in the politics of his city.

According to the reports of the health department, measles in the District are on the increase.

The Literary Digest of last week contained photographs of inaccessible places in Germany taken by having cameras fastened to carrier pigeons.

Benjamin Ringgold, who served in the 14th Rhode Island Heavy Artillery, died in Providence, Rhode Island last week. He was born in Baltimore City and leaves many relatives in that city to mourn his death.

Congratulations to Ex-Congressman George W. Murray, who was married very recently to one of Chicago's favorite ladies.

Every precaution is being taken to arrange for the handling of the crowd at the Union Station, expected to attend the inaugural ceremonies.

The British steamship, Anglo-African, which went ashore on the shoals of Cape Charles, a few days ago, is said to be a total loss. The ship and cargo were valued at a million dollars.

A music teacher employed by the Protestant Episcopal Cathedral school to teach music here, was dismissed because she declined to sing in a concert. A suit for $1,609 has been filed by the teacher.

As sad as the state of affairs are in the earthquake sections of Sicily and Italy, there are those among the stricken inclined to "looting."

As large as the Senate is there was not room for the crowd last Monday that gathered to hear Tillman.

While there are many "popular ministers" in the State of Indiana, the Rev. Lemuel Stokes was the recipient of the largest number of votes in the Indianapolis Recorder contest.

The District Commissioners have approved the bill, sent to Congress, prohibiting prize fighting on any vessel, boat, or steamboat, having mooring or wharfage in the District of Columbia.

Mrs. Jennie B. G. Brown, secretary of the Midian Wing, Gidianites Grand Encampment, G. U. O. Galilean Fishermen, was given a silver tea and coffee service by this number for efficient services for the past ten years.

Harry Rawlingston, a night watchman in New York City, was bound, gagged and robbed by three soldiers from Fort Hancock, last Sunday morning

The Southern Relief Charity Ball will be held next Monday night in the new Williard Hotel.

Mr. Judson Harmon, who was Attorney General in the cabinet of the late President Cleveland, took the oath of office as Governor of Ohio, at Columbus, Ohio, last Monday. The oath was administered by Judge W. B. Crew, of the Supreme Court.

A bill, making the abandonment of any kind of children in the District and giving the Juvenile Court jurisdiction in such cases, unlawful, will come up in this Congress.

Mrs. W. R. Davis, secretary of the State of Texas, reports that every vote cast at the presidential election in the county of Zapata was for Mr. Taft. There are less than 3000 inhabitants in the county.

Mr. George D. Emery, a leading party in the controversy with Nicaragua, died in Boston, Massachusetts, last Sunday.

It used to be Tillman and the Negro, now it is Roosevelt, Bonaparte and Tillman.

All persons from Arkansas are in-

(Continued to Page 8.)

Happy Moments.

Two-Step.

T. O. Carr.

Copyright 1908.

You will use a

Kenreign

twice as much as any other coat. On fair days because it is smart, other days because rain-proof. Kenreign coats, guaranteed rain-proof, give this double service and hold their shape as long as worn.

Modern concrete factory structures and up-to-date machinery are evidences of the advanced system that is essential to the production of these garments.

Kenyon Overcoats

share this superiority. Latest style book from the dealer who sells Kenreign Coats or from

C. Kenyon Co. - - NEW YORK

W. B. Reduso CORSETS

The Perfect Corset for Large Women

It places over-developed women on the same basis as their slender sisters. It tapers off the bust, flattens the abdomen, and absolutely reduces the hips from 1 to 5 inches. Not a harness—not a cumbersome affair, no torturing straps, but the most scientific example of corsetry, boned in such a manner as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

New W. B. Reduso No. 770. For large tall women. Made of white coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 771. Is the same as No. 770, but is made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 772. For large short women. The same as No. 770, except that the bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white coutil, hose supporters front and sides Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 773, is the same as No. 772, but is made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

Ask any dealer anywhere to show you the new W. B. "hip-subduing" models, which will produce the correct figure for prevailing modes, or any of our numerous styles which are made in such a variety as to guarantee perfect fit for every type of figure.

From $1.00 to $3.00 per pair.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Mfrs., 377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

A YOUNG LION SLAYER.

Boer Farmer Boys Make Good Shots On the African Veldt.

Three lions were killed near Pietersburg, Transvaal by the nineteen-year-old son of Jozef Erasmus, a Boer farmer. It appears that young Erasmus was on his way to the Messina mine and had outspanned his donkey team, when his kaffir boy came running to tell him that three lions were tackling the donkeys. Erasmus seized his gun and ran hard in the direction indicated. On his arrival at the spot he found the lions lying around one of the donkeys. He fired and killed a big lioness. The other two jumped up but he was ready and shot another (younger) lioness. The young lion which was left ran behind some brushwood. Erasmus first collected his donkeys and brought them into safety and then once more carefully approached the scene of the fight. In order to find out if the two lionesses were dead he fired another shot at one of them. This disturbed the surviving lion who thereupon came forth roaring. Erasmus was again ready and shot him dead on the spot. Asked by the Volksstem correspondent whether he was alone at the time, Erasmus replied; "Oh, no, Oom,' I had my little Kaffir boy, with me.'—The skins were sold in Pietersburg.—Pretoria Volksstem.

Poisonous Brazilian Vipers.

Much is made of the lance-head viper, "the most deadly of all know reptiles," brought from Brazil to New York for the purpose of an operation which will give a serum that is practically extinct. There are several singularly interesting snakes in Brazil. The suru cucu is supposed to cause death in six hours. It is sometimes found nine feet long. Its skin is a dirty tawny yellow, with dark brown lozenges on the back. It is said to be attracted by fire but seldom to injure travellers. The fiercest of the lance-headed vipers is the Jararoca, and it, also, it a dirty yellow, but it is brown-black about the tail.—Boston Herald.

Birds, Fruit, Dead Leaves.

The Moki Indian women of Arizona have an ingenious and romantic form of coiffure. When young these women coil their tresses at the sides of their heads, so as to represent the buds of a native plant. This signifies that they themselves are in the flush of youth and of marriageable age. When they are married their hair is arranged to represent the fruit of the plant; while in old age their locks hang straggling down their backs, typical of the withered stalk of the dead or dying plant.—

Answers.

Brides Older Than Bridegroomes.

The vital statistics prepared by City Clerk Entwisle of Salem shows that during 1907 there were 479 marriage licenses issued and 306 solemnized in the city, which is 18 fewer than the previous year. The oldest brigegroom was 68 and the oldest bride 50, while the youngest bridegroom was 16 and the youngest bride 15. Seventy-one brides were older than the bridegrooms.—Boston Transcript.

Vegetable Milk.

"Vegetable milk" is used in Japan. it is made from the soja bean. The liquid is exactly like cow's milk in appearance, and in taste can hardly be distinguished from it. To make it the beans are first soaked and then boiled in water. Some sugar and phosphate potassium are added, and it is boiled down till it has the consistency of condensed milk.

Valuable Relics.

At an auction sale at Christie's in London of the late Marchioness of Conyngham's art collection a silver ewer and dish, weighing together 90 ounces, a gift of George IV to an ancestor of the Marchioness, sold for $21,000.

A Venerable Turtle.

A Massachusetts boy, Nathan Sampson, has found a venerable turtle which bears markings made by his grandfather, now 81 years old, which were put on in 1840, and by his great-grandfather, who marked the same turtle in 1816.

Slightly Mixed.

The story is now going the rounds of the country papers about a man who visited the paying-teller's window in a bank and asked for one of the new coins with "God Bless Our Home" left off.

A Healthful Occupation.

Bull fighters receive $417 per hour, and the occupation is so healthful that unless killed by accident its followers invariably reach a green old age.

Newspapers in Persia

Persian newspapers are reproduced from handwriting by lithography, no types being used.

Viennas Beggars.

Vienna has 32,000 street beggars, and many of them make a better living than workmen.

It has been estimated that a London fog weighs 2,000,000,000 tons.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow **TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. **DO NOT BUY** a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to **rider agents.**

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost.

BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

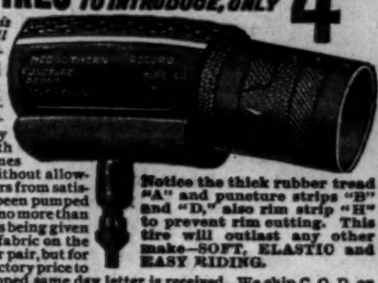
$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.



Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a **cash discount** of 5 per cent (thereby making the price **$4.55** per pair) if you send **FULL CASH WITH ORDER** and enclose this advertisement. We will also send one nickel plated brass hand pump. Tires to be returned at **OUR** expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. **DO NOT THINK OF BUYING** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it **NOW.**

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

YOU WILL BE PROUD OF A KENYON OVERCOAT

because it never loses its shape until you need a new one. Style and Fit—as well as wearing quality—are never lacking in Coats that bear the Kenyon label. They are the kind of Overcoats that not only feel comfortable and cosy—but look right all the time.

Kenyon OVERCOATS

It's the Way They're Made

Kenyon Overcoats are made in a factory — not a sweatshop—where the art of coat-making has reached perfection. Only tested fabrics are used, and every part is carefully made by an expert workman. Ask your dealer.

C. KENYON CO., 23 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK CITY

COUNTERFEITERS' NEW SCHEME

How the Smooth Demonstrator Gets His Victim's Coin.

"One of the latest schemes of the counterfeit money swindlers is to show gullible people a machine with which they can print for themselves large size bills, imitative of Government currency," said Capt. S. F. Rhodes, formerly of the secret service. "This money producing machine has a smooth demonstrator who will, after getting a prospective victim interested, turn the crank and grind out a $20 note, which, it is needless to say, is genuine. The victim shows the bill to a bank cashier, and hears it pronounced good, and his mercenary nature being aroused, he sees visions of gigantic wealth, and hands over to Mr. Sharper $500, or at least $250, for the instrument that is going to make him a Rockefeller. It is needless to say that the subsequent specimens turned out are such miserable imitatians that they would hardly fool a blind man, but the ignoramus is in a place where he can't make a roar for his lost money.

The Swaying Skyscraper.

Through the chance of perfect adjustment in the way of balance, of a row of large photographs that hang on a wall of an office building down town the clerks in the place have a good deal of quiet amusement with persons who visit the place for the first time. Owing to this balance the pictures are easily swayed by the wind that blows through the open windows and since the office force goes in for fresh air the year round the pictures are never still. The joke lies in catching the horrified expression on the faces of the callers when they get a sight of the swinging frames. Then it is always explained with due solemnity, if the boss is not around that the swaying of the frames is due to the oscillation of the structure. It usually takes some time for the object of the joke to see the point. Meanwhile he has suffered a considerable shock.—N. Y. World.

Odd South American Animals.

Many curious animals haunt the marshy parts of South America north of the pampas. Frogs big and ferocious, given to making vicious springs when closely approached; the capybara, a cavy "contented with the bulk of a sheep"; the huge coypu rat and the swarthy piglike tapir are frequently seen. Along the forest margins troops of peccaries are often met with, occasionally the jaguar sometimes the puma, likewise that toothless curiosity, the great ant bear, long in claw, long nosed and remarkably long tongued. A familiar object is the great jabiru, a stork with a preference for the desolate lagoons, where it may often be observed statuesque on one leg and wrapped in prospection.—Scotsman.

The Gingko Tree.

Studies by Miss M. C. Stopes of the fossil flora of Scotland have shown that the gingko or maidenhair, tree, a native of Japan and China, which is cultivated in Europe and this country on account of its remarkable foliage, belongs to an extremely ancient family, of which it is now, apparently, the last surviving representative. At one time it seems to have been widely spread. A singular fact is that the fossil specimens of the gingko, found in the rock beds of the Inferior Oolite series, at Brora, Scotland, are so similar to the living trees that at first sight no difference is apparent. Only an examination of the structure of the cells reveals a variation.—Youth's Companion.

For Pressing Plaited Skirts.

Plaited Skirts which have been washed are difficult to press. Time and expense may be saved by having the work done after the following method, which is for woolen skirts especially: Before the skirt has become badly creased or rumpled run a basting thread, using short, even stitches, down the entire length of each crease which marks the folds of the plaits. By this means, after the skirt has been washed, the proper location of each pleat can readily be determined, and the pressing done sucessfully.

Balzac in Church Pew.

The woman who had left a volume of Balzac in the church pew on prayer meeting night felt a little bit ashamed when she asked for the book, but the sexton assured her she need not feel that way. "Many things are left in the church," he said, "and some of them are a whole lot less respectable than Balzac. After each service the pews yield a strange grist of forgotten or discarded articles."

A Clever Bear.

A noted ethnologist observed in Vienna a bear deliberately making with his paw, a current in some water which was close to the bars of his cage so as to draw a piece of floating bread within his reach. These actions of the bear could hardly be attributed to instinct or inherited habit, as they would be of little use to an animal in a state of nature.

Quill Toothpicks.

The largest quill toothpick factory in the world is near Paris, where there is an annual product of 20,000,000 quills. The factory was started to make quill pens, but when these went out of general use it was converted into a toothpick mill.

KINK-E

MADAM ROBINSON

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PROF. ROBERTS, New York City, Dear Sir:

I have used your Kink-ine for the past year and my hair is growing very fast. I find it the most delightful hair dressing and tonic I have ever used, altogether different from the many cheap pomades and vaselines on the market. It makes my hair so beautiful, soft, silky, and has entirely removed all dandruff and stopped it from falling out and breaking off. And enables me to do it up in any of the many styles that I use on the stage. It does all you claim for it, and I would not be without it. Yours sincerely, MME. ROBINSON.

Kink-ine Hair Dressing is a *delightful perfumed* tonic *prepared* largely for the use of *colored people;* is guaranteed to be absolutely safe and harmless. It makes *harsh, stubborn, kinky, curly hair soft, silky* and *glossy,* enables you to comb it with ease and to dress it in any style that you may wish.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING by supplying the needed oils directly to the roots of the hair tones up and nourishes the scalp, increasing the growth and giving new life and vigor to the hair.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING is for sale at all druggists for 35c per bottle. If yourdruggist does not keep it have him order it for you; he can get it. If not, send me 50c. and I will send same to you, prepaid.

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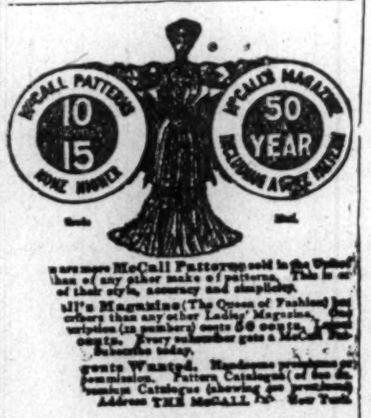

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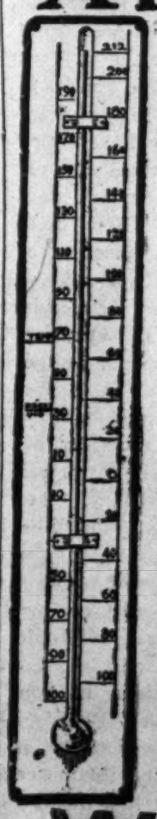

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THE BEE

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AT
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THE BEE A PROPHET?

Twenty years or more ago, The Bee predicted that there would be a black man rise up in the South who would sway the civilized world. The Bee said that that black man would be known as the black cardinal. This same black man would command respect fromKings and and Queens, Presidents and Governors, and dignitaries of all nations. This same black man would be the leader ad ruler of his people. Has not that prediction been verified Who is it today that commands the respect and confidence of rulers of all nationalities? Who is it today that has emancipated the colored Americans from the corruption of politicians to that of enlightened civilization?

There is but one colored American who stands head and front of any of his race and is doing more to teach the masses that their salvation in the body politic is the accumulation of money and property; the possession of education and the art of good citizenship. The holding of an office is only an incident to what the black man will receive. There are things for the colored man to do that will command the respect and confidence of those who control the affairs of government.

Frederick Douglass lived in an age that tried men's souls. He was embarrassed by human slavery. He advocated the emancipation of the slave and the abolition of the shackles. He made the path through which this black cardinal should pass and reach the diadem. This black cardinal is the advocate of the plow, the instruments of industry which will enable the masses to rise in this republic and enlighten the civilized world.

Racial prejudjice is yet the ruling passion of some judges in our courts; the sooner the black man becomes a factor the sooner will this racial prejudice disappear. In many instances it is better for the black man to be tried by judges who make no pretense at Christian religion, because in those who don't profess so much Christian religion, you will find more human kindness and fairer consideration. The so-called Christian judges of the day make a mockery of religion and their deliberations and sentences are tainted with prejudice and venom.

The judge, in many instances, who mixes his sentences with the name of the Diety, is more full of the devil than the judge who doesn't profess as much religion.

With all of these impediments the black cardinal is with us.

"JIM CROWING" THEMSELVES.

The Bee is informed that the colored members of the inaugural committee asked, and it was granted, for the appointment of a colored citizen to head a colored section of the inaugural parade. The Bee wants to know why should there be a colored section? Why should educated colored Americans appeal to the members of a general committee to give them a "Jim Crow" section in the inaugural parade?

So long as such colored men are allowed to exist and are placed in positions alleged to represent the colored people, so long will the Negro be a "Jim Crow" annex to everything of a national character. Then agin, there has been a "Jim Crow" public comfort committee inaugurated for the purpose of looking after the colored people who may visit the Capitol during the inauguration. All such schemes have been urged and furthered by supposed to be educated colored men. It is a fact, and it cannot be denied, that any colored man who has ever had a white man for his boss, no matter how much education he may possess, will undoubtedly consider himself too inferior to walk in front of or side by side with a white man.

Some few days ago, Dr. Brown, a very eminent colored physician, wrote to the District Commissioners complaining of the discrimination at the Union Station. But what is the use of Dr. Brown complaining and protesting at "Jim Crowism" at the Union Station when so-called educated Negroes insist on "Jim Crowing" themselves? Why do the more intelligent and manly colored citizens condemn these racial discriminations? It is because they regard themselves good citizens and the equals of all other citizens.

The citizens of Washington don't want any "Jim Crow" section in the inaugural parade, and if the colored members of the inaugural committee have advocated such, it is against the wishes of ninety thousand colored citizens of Washington and ten millions of colored citizens in the United States.

THE SUSPENDED SUSPENSION.

The Bee has said all along that the positions of supervising principles in the public schools were unnecessary sinecures. This assertion is verified by the action of the Board of Education in the case of Mr. John C. Nolle, who was suspended by the Board of Education for three months for alleged violation of the rules of the schools.

Now, if Mr. Nolle's services as supervisor can be dispensed with for three months, is it not evident that the positions are unnecessary? Three months suspension is a little over one third of the school term. If his services are unnecessary, why have supervisors? If the services of one supervisor are unnecessary for three months in one school division, why can't the services of every supervisor be dispensed with? Why have any supervisors? What teacher will supervise the work of the suspended supervisor?

The duties that devolved upon the suspended supervisor will be carried on by the principals of buildings; just what The Bee has argued all along. The Bee has always maintained that supervisors in the schools are unnecessary. Better results can be had from the principals of buildings who do better and more work with less supervising friction.

The action of the Board of Education is a confirmation of the contention of The Bee. Certainly the president and members of the Board of Education, for whom The Bee has the highest regard, will agree with The Bee. Captain Oyster and the other members of the Board who showed such leniency are to be commended, in view of the cause of the case of another supervisor, whose offense, The Bee understands, was graver than the Nolle case. If Nolle deserved to be suspended, why was not the other supervisor suspended?

It seems to The Bee that if one was as guilty as the other, both should receive equal punishment. The Board of Education was more lenient to the supervisors than the supervisors have been toward the teachers.

Congress should abolish the offices.

SOCIAL LEADERSHIP

It is amusing to see the struggle for social leadership. There are three or four social organizations in this city, every one fighting for social leadership. After all, what do they produce?

This social fever seems to have taken a strong hold on some of the big "Eyes" and little "Yous" There will be several social functions during inauguration week. There will be hundreds of dollars spent that generally go into the hands of those who are inimical to the best interest of the colored citizens.

The last inaugural reception was served by a white caterer. He had no more interest in the colored people than those who have endeavored to "Jim Crow" them.

Since it has been decided to give an inaugural reception, why don't the several committees get together and decide to have the inaugural reception served by M. E. Murray? Why do we always love to carry our money and dump it into the laps of those who refuse to serve colored citizens, when we have a colored caterer of reputation, and who can serve as good a reception, if not better, than those who refuse to serve the best educated ed and most highly respected colored citizens.

In the first place, Mr. Murray has the facilities to serve thousands of people. He has the ability. He conducts a first class dining room where our colored citizens are invited to come. The Bee hopes that Dr. Bruce Evans, Mr. Daniel Murray, Mr. Slaughter, Attorney L. M. King and others who are interested in the "Inaugural Welcome Club" will see to it that a first-class colored caterer like Mr. Murray is selected to serve these social functions. A caterer should be willing to serve the people irrespective of color or condition. But, we find that the white caterer, no matter what kind of a place he has, is unwilling to allow a respectable colored citizen in his place.

The Bee makes this suggestion to the gentlemen who believe in race pride.

AGAINST HIMSELF.

That there should be so many divisions among colored Americans, is surprising considering that they have so many enemies. It is strange that the jealousy seems to exist among the so-called representatives of the colored citizens.

There exists today, in the Capital of the nation two factions of so-called representative colored men. One faction is making an effort to down the more successful and astute faction but without success. One is going the even tenor of its way, while the other is starting schemes to put the other out of business. One faction is so afraid that the other will get closer to the new administration than the other. What does it all mean? One faction is composed of a set of satelites that never amounted to anything in the days of good old Republican rule. This faction would establish a social clique in the city, if it could, but it can't. This social aristocracy would feed upon the color of its skin, which cannot possibly exist in this city. There are some people who would be white if they could pass without being identified. They would climb up the ladder on the back of colored citizens, and after they had reached the top they would immediately disclose their identity to the white people.

There are a few such individuals in this city and they are so weak and ignorant that they could not pass muster in a rag pickers' parade.

The Bee has in preparation an article on the so-called or rather the self constituted aristocracy of Washington. The article will be interesting as it is prepared by one who is well acquainted with the social and political life of the so-called colored aristocracy of the city of Washington. Otherwise it is a history of the social and political life of colored Americans at the nation's Capital. It will give a true and inside history of the Negro against himself.

TILLMAN'S DEFENSE

The Honorable Benjamin D. Tillman, of South Carolina, has troubles of his own at this time. He has been traveling throughout the country for a number of years endeavoring to convince the American people that colored Americans are not human and that it would be dangerous to educate them.

This same Benjamin Tillman has made several assaults upon the administration because it saw fit to defend the oppressed colored Americans against his vile attacks. He called everybody a thief and the colored man especially. Mr. Tillman gave notice some time ago that he intended to pay his respects to President Roosevelt, but before he could do so, the President gave him a gentle reminder concerning some lands in the West, which Mr. Tillman denied knowing anything about. He declared that (that is, Mr. Tillman) he never negotiated with anyone for the purchase of any lands, but, to the surprise of the distinguished fire-eating, uncontrolled statesman of South Carolina, the president sent to the Senate letters from the gentleman confirming what the president had charged against him.

The old man was caught outright and in a feeble defense for his indiscretion, he attempts to explain and charges the president with being personally opposed to him. The president has treated Mr. Tillman as he has treated all persons who have violated the law, and been guilty of acts contrary to law and good sense.

Mr. Tillman's tirade in the Senate Monday, was no defense or explanation of the charges made by the Chief Executive. Mr. Tillman should read the story of the Deer. Like Othello, his occupation is gone.

IS IT FAIR?

One cannot appreciate the handicap of teachers except he comes in personal contact with them. The hard worked teacher gets no credit for services. He is more or less abused, even when he or she does his or her duty. The rules of the School Board, as the law provides, is that if a teacher is taken ill or is sick, and remains ill or sick two months, he or she is dropped from the rolls of the schools, unless he or she is able to return to work before the expiration of the two months. Is such a rule fair to the teacher?

A teacher who has given the best portion of his or her life to the education of the youth should be retained in his or her position on half or one third pay for a year or two years at least. The sickness of a teacher is an act of God. He or she cannot help from being sick.

Congress owes the poor teacher a debt of gratitude. Every citizen who has any gratitude at all should go to Congress and urge that body to pass as soon as possible a pension bill for the benefit of the teachers. They should be cared for. It is the teacher who makes the man or the woman. He teaches the youth. Were it not for the teacher what would become of some of our boys and girls?

The teacher therefore, is entitled to consideration. Too much cannot be said in behalf of the teachers. Some people have an idea that the lot of a teacher is an easy one. It is not true. The teachers in the public schools, and the colored teachers especially, seemed to be burdened with unnecessary work. Many of them are pursued like hounds pursue game in the forest.

If the present system of hardships continues the health of the colored teachers will be below par.

REGISTER VERNON AND DR. WILLISTON.

The Bee observes in the public press that preparations are being made for a colored civic division in the Inaugural parade, and that Register W. T. Vernon and D. E. D. Williston occupy most prominent places in the procession.

Since the civic divisions are made up mainly of local organizations, a prominent place is given to the citizens of the District by the appointment of Dr. Williston as Marshal. It is understood that this will establish a precedent for not only colored but white civic organizations, which The Bee is pleased to observe.

Register Vernon has been tendered the position of Chief of Staff, which will be made up of Federal office-holders and race leaders from all over the country. It will be pleasing to the people of the country if he will accept this position. Because of the position he holds; it is of natural consequence that a staff made up of those holding high official position should have him as chief. The Bee will be pleased to see this division made a success and prove a credit to the race.

TEACHINGS OF WASHINGTON.

It is said by many, or rather a few, that the teachings of Dr. Booked T. Washington are not beneficial. Let us see what his teachings are. "Colored Americans are advised to accumulate property and some money. Be good citizens, and get education. Would we call such, bad advice?

Dr. Washington advises colored Americans to cease complaining and finding fault, but go to work and do something. Would we call this bad advice? He tells colored Americans, men especially, cease allowing the women to take hold of them. Is this bad advice? He advocates an educated and a moral pulpit. Are these not two necessary requisites in the colored pulpit?

If the teachings of Dr. Washington are followed, The Bee is confident that the colored Americans will be factors in the body politic.

A NEW PROPAGANDA OF DR. JAMES E. SHEPPARD.

Dr. James E. Sheppard, of Durham, North Carolina, was in the city this week en route to Chicago, Illinois, where he will deliver an address at the Moody Church tomorrow. Sunday and Monday he will deliver other addresses before the white Baptist Ministers Conference in behalf of his new work.

President Roosevelt has given out a letter endorsing the proposed religious Chautauqua, now being fostered by Dr. Sheppard, of Durham, North Carolina. There is no young man in this country any better known than this distinguished religious advocate. Dr. Sheppard will stop in the city on his return from Chicago, Illinois, next week.

MR. SMITH.

Elsewhere in The Bee is an article from the pen of Ex-Senator George C. Smith. Mr. Smith is no doubt one of the best-known writers in the country. He has given the best portion of his life to building up others and neglecting himself. There is one commendable characteristic of his; he never deserts his friends.

THE ENEMIES OF RUCKER.

Collector Rucker, of Atlanta, Georgia, should give himself no uneasiness as to his attitude before the nomination of Mr. Taft. The country knows how loyally he stood by the President-Elect. The enemies of Mr. Rucker are uneasy.

TUSKEGEE CONFERENCE.

The Eighteenth Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference is to be held at Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, Wednesday and Thursday, February 17 and 18, 1909. Special committees have already been appointed by the Executive Council of the Tuskegee Institute to arrange a program of exercises and to care for the comfort of such visitors as may be present.

In addition to representative farmers, who will come from all parts of the Southern States, formal invitations have been sent by Principal Booker T. Washington to the Presidents of all the Negro schools in the country and to the editors of all the colored newspapers, as well as to a considerable number of professional and other prominent representatives of the race, asking them to be present at the same time.

Reduced rates of one and one-third fare on the certificate plan have been granted by the Southeastern Passenger Association. These rates apply south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers and east of the Mississippi river, and tickets can be bought to Tuskegee for three days preceeding the first day's session, February 17, and are good to return three days following the close of the meeting, February 18 not including Sunday.

WILL MEET IN NASHVILLE

The Fourth Session of the National Baptist Sunday-School Congress and Young People's Chautauqua Is Called.

Nashvile, Tenn., January 5.—At a special meeting held in this city today a decision was reached with respect to holding the fourth annual session of the great Sunday-School Congress and Young People's Chautauqua. Nashville has once more gathering. The last session of the outstripped her competitors, being awarded this important religious Chautauqua was held in Jacksonville, Florida. Since that time the boards under whose management the Sunday school movement is fostered have been constantly flooded with requests from cities throughout the country asking for the Congress. In giving out notice the secretary of the Congress movement, Henry A. Boyd, said: "Nashville has given better assurance for properly entertaining this meeting than the other cities. Then too, the city has the advantage in its geographical location as to the Baptists. The Congress will be held from June 2nd to the 7th, 1909, inclusive. All of the Sunday schools throughout the country will have special letters and special invitations. The call for the meeting wil be sent out officially signed by Rev. C. H. Clark, chairman of the Publishing Board; and Rev. E. W. D. Isaac, secretary of the B. Y. P. U. Board; and Rev. R. H. Boyd, of the Home Mission Board, as the meeting is held under the auspices of these three boards. It is not known definitel what other arrangements with respect to this meeting have been made, but the assurance is given that it will excel both in point of interest and attendance any other distinct denominational gathering for young people. Nashville will have the opportunity once more to entertain a national body.

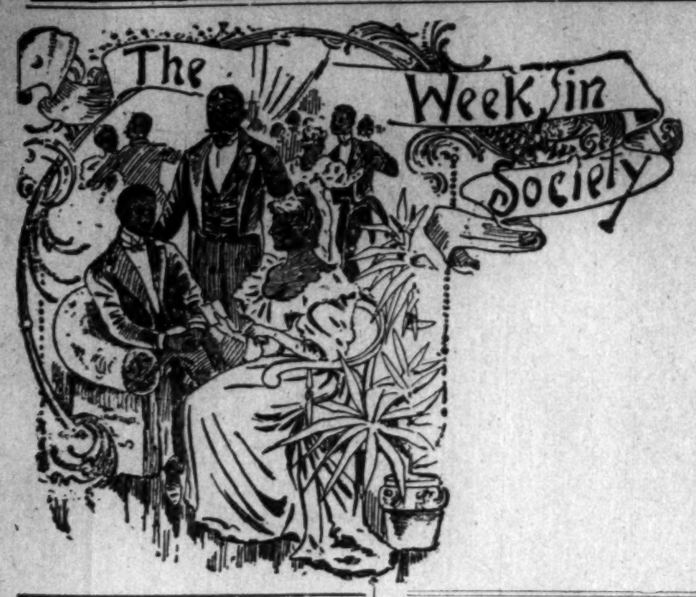
TRUE REFORMERS.

There were one thousand officers installed last evening at True Reformers' Hall. Speeches were made by Rev. Joseph Mathews, Mrs. Alice W. Tucker, of Philadelphia, Pa., Mrs. Sarah F. Lewis, president of the Rosebud Board, The installation address was delivered by W. R. Griffin, chief of the Washington ivision.

HOTEL MACEO.

When visiting New York City, stop at the Hotel Maceo, 213 West 53rd. Street, corner Broadway. Steam heated. Telephone, 803 Columbus.

B. F. Thomas, Prop.



The beautiful residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Jenkins, 230 Florida avenue, northwest, was the scene of a brilliant surprise party, Monday evening, December 28, 1908.

The master of ceremonies presented the couple with a beautiful present and stated briefly the object of the gathering, it being their second anniversary, and after engaging in many pleasurable things, covers were spread and they finally repaired to their several homes with many pleasant memories of the evening.

Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. Shepherd Gray, and daughter; Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Speare; Misses Bertha Jenkins, Augusta Jenkins, Rozelle Jenkins; Miss Ida Filmore, Miss Teresa Jefferson, Miss Matilda Jefferson, Mr. Charles Jenkins, Mr. Anthony B. Washington, Mr. Stump Johnson, Mr. Albert Thornton and Mr. and Mrs. J. Thomas Tascoe.

All roads lead to the Board and McGuire Pharmacy on 14th street, between T and You.

Mrs. Lulu S. Chase Goldsberry, of Lynchburg, Virginia, is in the city the guest of her sisters Misses Eva A., Ida R., and Fannie C. Chase.

Owing to an unavoidable delay, full particulars concerning the installation of President W. J. Singleton, and officers of the Young Men's Protective League will be given in the next issue of The Bee.

Notwithstanding the inclement weather last Tuesday night, the Universal Pleasure Club had a large attendance at its reception at Odd Fellows' Hall. Ask the men how the ladies look?

Attorney A. W. Scott, who accompanied his wife to his home in North Carolina, has returned to this city. Mrs. Scott is still the guest of Attorney Scott's mother.

Dr. E. D. Scott is steadily improving, greatly to the gratification of his friends.

"Say. Jim, you certainly looks good to me." "Yes, Chub, that's because I feel so good, I mean well, ever since I went to the drug store of Board and McGuire, 1912½ 14th street, northwest., and bought a bottle of their new Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It cured my cough, increased my weight and toned up my whole system—all for 50 cents a bottle."

Miss Young is a neice of Ex-Senator George C. Smith, of this city.

Colonel James H. Young, and Honorable H. P. Cheatham, of North Carolina, visited this city during the present week. These gentlemen were in consultation with the President with reference to state matters.

George W. Cook, a native of this city, is lying dangerously ill at his residence in LeDroit Park. Mr. Cook is an old employe of the Treasury Department.

Miss Parthenia Piler, of 1447 Q street, northwest, has returned to Wesleyan College to resume her studies. This young lady spent the holidays with her parents.

Mrs. Tancia Smith (nee Vogelsang of Annapolis, Maryland,) is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Scurlock in Florida avenue.

Honorable John P. Green, of Cleveland, Ohio, visited this city during the past week. This gentleman is en route to Europe.

Miss Nannie H. Burroughs, of Louisville, Kentucky, will be in the city next month.

Dr. James H. Shepard arrived in the city Monday evening enroute for New York.

Read The Bee.

THE EUCLID CLUB

There is a row in the Euclid Club. There are two sets of officers and two sets of members. Just what the outcome will be The Bee has not learned as yet.

MISS YOUNG, OF EVANSTON.

Miss Margurite Allen Young, of Evanston, Illinois, has entered the freshman class at Howard University where she intends completing her education.

Miss Young graduated last June from the Evanston High School, with high honors and was given her choice of a course at the University of Chicago, Oberlin,—her mother's alma mater—or any eastern college she might select. She chose Howard. She is an interesting and intelligent young lady.

Her three brothers are high school boys—one completed a course of Civil Engineering at the Chicago University, and has for some time been in the employ of the Northern Pacific Railroad as civil engineer, in Wyoming and California.

Her father was or twenty-five years, a prominent citizen of Springfield, Illinois, where for a long time he was county commissioner, one of the most important positions in the county.

The Dark Secrets

Continued from first page.

me Revenue Agent to compel certain county officials to pay into the State Terasury one hundred thousand dollars improperly withheld. One year later, having accomplished what we had planned, I resigned this burden and multiplicity of offices and came to him as his companion, and, the most pleasant duty, of confidential secretary, which I held until his death, from 1898, except the time—two years—when he sent me to the Black Hills, South Dakota, as a confidential agent for the government, to investigate the great corporation, the Home Stake Mining Company, against which I made up a claim, after twenty months, in favor of the United States for one million dollars.

When we parted, in Mississippi, he to come here, we decided he should continue this course upon a scale much broader: accordingly he employed a former professor of the State University of Mississippi—a man of great learning—as his tutor at a salary of $2500 per annum: this course he pursued for many years.

As his classmate and tutor I discovered he possessed a brain of wonderful capacity—one of the finest I ever came in close contact with.

Under this long and systematic training he became one of the ripest scholars and among the best equipped men in public life. For many years he was in the employ of the largest lecture bureau, and appeared before the most cultured and critical audiences, and before the great educational institutions in this country. Later in life, he became one of the most polished and effective orators before the public, and as a campaign orator he scarcely had his equal.

Rarely have I come in touch with a man of such wonderful resources and in whom were wrapped up grander possibilities.

What shall I say of the seventh son of Oberlin, John Mercer Langston, of the class of 1849 and of Theology of 1853? He was the best equpipped of them all—the greatest of them all in point of attainments and native ability. The great agitator—like Douglass; the scholar, the lawyer, the diplomat—the statesman—statesman in the broadest sense; greater than all in that he entered more largely into the lives of more men—touched more men—impressed his individuality upon more men than any and all of them and will therefore, live longest in the hearts of the generations that knew him and the generations of the future; for he left his impress stamped upon and buried in the hearts of more people. He was the broadest man of his race—broadest because he had the broadest culture—the broadest training and, therefore the best equipped of his race and the equal of any in any race. He was among the manliest I ever knew—manliest because the damnable influence of the Institution of American Slavery or its environments, had never clipped at his heels or clouded or dwarfed his splendid intellect. He cringed in the presence of no man that "thrift might follow fawning."

Coming, as he did, from a school where he had, from his youth, imbibed all that makes a man—a manly man—he could not have been other than a man. He was unselfish, he lived his life for others; so conscious was he of his powers—his commanding ability that he was too big of heart to be jealous of any man.

I speak measuredly, and well do I weigh my words when I thus write of him. It must be remembered that this intimate knowledge was gained during the thirty-two years I moved and was in touch with him—from September 1865, when his brother, Charles H. Langston. whose pupil I had been, sent me from my home at Leavenworth to him to the time of his death, in 1897.

Professor Langston was eminently, the young man's friend. No young man ever touched the hand of Langston who was not ever thereafter his friend, when he had given them his blessing, as was his wont: "God bless you and speed you—always be a man—a manly man— believe you can attain to the heights of any and you can not fail in life and, if at any time you need me call upon me."

They knew he meant all he said and more, they believed in him and trusted him. He was their ideal in public and private life—the genial spirit that moved and held them to the right: for no man in public or private life was more perfect in his life—his home life—in all the relations in life; There have been few such model homes as was his. He moulded more men — shaped more lives—startel more men on the upward that any;had there been no Langston there had been no Bruce in the United States Senate, for it was after I had introduced Bruce to him in the winter of 1867 as being my friend from my home in Kansas, that he saw something in him and pleaded with him for one hour to give up the idea of fitting himself for the Congregational Ministry and prepare himself for the new duties which he saw, in the near future, for young colored men. Bruce was a convert and took his advice and was the first of his race to win the greatest prize of them all. Bruce's success belongs largely to the credit side of the ledger of Langston.

As minister to Haiti, under the administration of Hays and Cleveland, he stool among the foremost diplomats of this country. Later, as a member of Congress from Virginia, he took high rank in that body and was one of the most finished that that great state had honored. In whatever station to which he was called he did credit to himself and was an honor to his alma mater.. The Law School, which he founded in connection with Howard University of which he was for many years Dean, is a fitting monument to him.

From the time he entered the arena—forty-two years before his death—before he laid down the burdens of life and entered into eternal rest, he battled as no man of his race—save Douglass—for humanity and justice—equal anl exact justice for all, and, so battling for humanity— he died a martyr to the cause of humanity to which he had mortgaged his life which was not cancelled when he went to his reward.

The eighth Oberlin man was J. H. Kyles, of the class of 1882—who for twelve years was United States Senator for South Dakota, where he took high rank in that body of distinguished men.

Senator Burton, of the class of 1872 is the ninth man to lend lustre to his alma mater. As a student I recall him as among the strong men of his class—a class whose members have taken high rank—especially in the professions. Senator Burton began the practice of law in Cleveland, in 1875, where he has had a commanding position at the Bar. His fourteen years in the lower House of Congress, where he gained distinction and is today, the best authority in or out of Congress upon our Rivers and Harbors, hence he comes to his new duties—because of his long training—the best equipped of the three men that Oberlin sent to the Senate. He is therefore, the best equipped of any man in public life in Ohio, today, to succeed her greatest statesman—J. B. Foraker. That there is a splendid future before Senator Burton, those who have watched his steady growth will not deny. There will be found no abler man in that body of great men than Senator Burton.

Nearly all of these men have gone along, I might say, in the same grooves: Cox and Langston, professors in Law schools, Cox, Langston, Kyles, Stevens, Turner and Burton fitted for the Bar; Peck, Monroe, Langston, Kyles were all graduates in Theology and were Congregational ministers — Langston, however, did not enter the ministry. Just as Kyles fitted for the law, but took to the ministry—and all were members of the First and Second Congregational Churches at Oberlin except Turner, Peck, Turner, Monroe and Langston represented their government as Ministers in the foreign service. Bruce would have joined this number had he accepted the position of Minister to Rio de Janeiro tendered him by President Garfield, which he declined to accept the office of Register of the Treasury. In that field he would have won distinction, for if he was any thing above another he was a diplomat.

In that field he would have taken a high rank among the great diplomats. It is rather a remarkable coincidence that I should have been so intimately associated with all of these men, except Professors Peck and Cox who had left Oberlin before my time,—1865.

Professor Monroe was my teacher as was Burton my tutor in Latin during his college course and my wife's class mate.

Bruce was my class mate. Stevens, his sister and I were class mates in the public schools of Oberlin before we entered the Institution.

Turner and I were born in the same state—resided in the same city in Kansas, and for forty years have been closely associated in many ways.

Langston, well he was everything to me—my friend for thirty-two years.

Kyles was my pastor when in his town in South Dakota and when Senators Hearst, Pettigrew and Moody, of the Mining Company I was investigating, attempted to have me removed because of my report and my alleged activity in South Dakota politics and failed—the people resented the attack upon me and defeated Moody's reelection and elected my pastor Kyles to succeed him. The press conceded that the expose of the wrong doings of the company defeated Moody which was to Kyle's benefit.

Although the attendance of colored students have at no time exceeded one tenth of one per cent, yet of the nine men who have risen high in public life the colored students have furnished thirty-three and one third per cent of that number.

Is there another such institution that can point to a galaxy of her sons who have, in so many ways, won istinction as the nine that I have grouped and photographed for the readers of The Bee.

No one better than the editor of The Bee knows my male modesty—that I never parade myself in the public press and do not permit my friends of the press to do so, but since these are my reminiscences of which I form so large a part I could scarcely divorce myself from them and do justice to my subjects, hence this departure may be, and I trust is, pardonable.

George C. Smith.

CARPETS

Extension Tables

Four specials from our stock of Solid Oak Extension Tables—and only one at each price quoted.

Former Price.	Sale Price.
$32.50	$27.50
$25.00	$20.00
$17.50	$12.50
$17.50	$11.50

During this clearance sale we are not deducting any stated percentage from the regular prices. Hundreds of specials have been selected from the different lines, and their prices cut to make them sell on sight. This makes no difference in our credit offer. You can choose the best bargains. and we're just as ready to charge them without any cash at the time. Pay a little each week or month. If you find it convenient to pay all in 30 days, we'll still make the regular 10% reduction from the sale price.

PETER GROGAN AND SONS CO. 817-823 7th St.

FURNITURE

EDWARD HUBBARD FORTY YEARS A MESSENGER IN THE TREASURY.

Edward Hubbard, for forty years a messenger in the Treasury Department and formerly a slave, died at Garfield Hospital last week from injuries sustained more than a year ago by a fall in the Treasury Department. He was 65 years old, and although born a slave, he obtained a a practical education through individual efforts.

In 1886, when G. V. Fox, then Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was designated by the government to bear to the Emperor of Russia the resolution of Congress congratulating him on his escape from assassination, he selected Hubbard as his personal attendant and messenger. Hubbard was presented to the emperor, who tried to induce him to remain in Russia.

Hubbard could not be prevailed upon to leave his native country. Previous to his employment in the navy he had been in the civil war, and a part of the time was body servant to Surgeon Ruhleson of the New York volunteers.

Deceased was very active when in health, in church, such activities being confined mainly to the Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Church. He was also an active member of several societies, charitable and fraternal, and was fortunate in having many sincere friends.

IN MEMORY OF MAJOR STEARNS

January 8, 1909, is the centennial anniversary of the birth of Major George L. Stearns, who was a prominent member of all the important Anti-Slavery organizations, the editor of two important newspapers, and a man whose money and influence aided in every way possible in bringing about the abolition of slavery.

Major Stearns was instrumental during the Civil War, also, in recruiting in Massachusetts, three regiments of colored men, and rendered similar service in Pennsylvania, Maryland and Tennessee. He received from Honorable E. M, Stanton, Secretary of War, a special commission as Major, and received from many sources cordial expressions of thanks for his devoted services in behalf of the slave. The memory of such men as Major Stearns leserves to be commemorated by the Negro people. It is to such rare souls as he that the Negro is indebted for his present opportunities.

Booker T. Washington.

Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

January 1, 1909.

NEW YORK SOCIETY.

Prominent white women of New York have always used cold cream for the face, but since Complexion Wonder Cream was discovered, colored people use it as much as white people. It improves any countenance whether white, black or brown. It does not put whiting on the face, but makes the natural skin whiter. As far as business is concerned, the Chemical Wonder Company certainly in the greatest friend the Negro race has ever had. They have several articles suited to us colored people. They have a pomade called "Wonder Uncurl," which tends to keep the hair straight and pliable so that it will dress well. They have a magneto-metallic comb which help to straighten the hair. They have a remarkable fertilizer for the scalp. Just as fertilizers in the cotton field make the cotton grow, so this fertilizer on the scalp makes the hair grow longer.

If the people wish to be well-groomed and feel well-groomed, they they ought to patronize the Chemical Wonder Company.

M. B. Berger and Company, 2 Rector Street, New York, are the agents. They will send any one of these articles for fifty cents, or all of them for two dollars.

KEEP THIS IN MIND.

You often see bargains advertised and wish that you could spare the ready cash to take advantage of them. Do you know that the firm now advertising the best bargains in Washington tell you to do what buying you wish and they will give you an open account at their store?.

The Peter Grogan and Sons Company, of 817-823 Seventh street, are having their annual clearance sale of furniture and carpets. Prices are lower than you've ever seen them. It's the time to buy if you want to add anything to the furnishings of your home. Don't let a lack of ready money keep you from going there at once. The Grogan people know that there are times when anyone may not feel like using cash for all their needs. They believe that a person who is entitled to credit is entitled to all it's benefits, and they charge your purchases without asking any money at the time. They trust you to pay a little each week, or month, as you wish, and they do not tie a string to the goods you buy, with any contract or lease.

You'll find their prices lower than those of any cash store, and every article is of the quality they back with a personal guaranty.

BRIGHTWOOD CITIZENS ACT.

The Elizabeth Thomas Citizen's Association, Brightwood, D. C.

At the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Thomas, January 4, an association was formed which will be known as the Elizabeth Thomas Citizen's Association, Brightwood, District of Columbia.

After the election of officers, measures for the best interest of the citizens were discussed at length.

The Association desires to be placed on record as favoring a suffrage in the District of Columbia, and for the measure which provides for the pensioning of teachers.

It unites with the Original Citizens Association of Patrons of Schools in its effort to create an interest in the school children, of good citizenship.

The officers are:

Mrs. Elizabeth Thomas of Fort Stevens, President; vice presidents, Miss N. Grant, Miss M. Bowie, and Mr. W. Grant; recording secretary, Mrs. J. Perry corresponding secretary and reporter, Mr. J.T.Williams; financial committee, Mrs. E. Johnson, Mrs. J. Bowie, Mrs. M. Grant. Advisory board, Miss R. E. Bell; Miss L. Grant, Mr. Jefferson Johnson, Mrs. M. Wilson, Mr. George Grant, Miss H. Grant, and Mrs. G. Williams.

IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE?

From Our Dumb Animals.

A Rochester, New York, editor, who is preparing an article on the question "Is marriage a failure?" asks my opinion, and the following is my answer:

December 7,1908.

"My dear Sir:

"In reply to your question, "Is marriage a failure?" I would say that but for the devotion, unremitting care, and good judgment of my good wife, I should have been dead and buried fourteen years ago; and for all that I have been able to accomplish in my life-work, credit is largely due to her.

"With kind wishes,

"Yours sincerely,

"Georgoe. T. Angell."

TUSKLESS ELEPHANTS.

Ceylon the Only Part of the World Where They Exist.

What a sight for a Ceylon elephant hunter would be the first view of a herd of African elephants—all tuskers! It is a singular thing that Ceylon is the only part of the world where the male elephants have no tusks; they have miserable little grubbers projecting two or three inches from the upper jaw and inclining downward.

Nothing produces either ivory or horn in fine specimens througout Ceylon. Although some of the buffaloes have tolerably fine heads, they will not bear a comparison with those of other countries. The horns of the native cattle are not above four inches in length.

The elk and the spotted deers antlers are small compared with deer of their size in India. This is more singular, as it is evident from the geological formaton that at some remote period Ceylon was not an island, but formed a portion of the main land. It is thought there must be elements wanting in the Ceylon pasturage for the formation of ivory.—Ceylon Manual.

Smokeless Coal.

A London inventor claims to have discovered a process for producing smokeless coal, apparently by distillation of coal at a low temperature. This, after distillation, is said to deposit a very brilliant substance, the heating properties of which are far greater than those of the original coal, and which is absolutely free from smoke and dirt. The inventor contends that efforts to overcome the smoke plague have hitherto been unsuccessful because they have been made in the wrong direction, and that by the extraction of the smoke-producing material in coal befcre being burned, he has been successful in producing a smokeless coal.

Electrocuting An'mals.

The slaughter of animals for food by electrocution is being experimented by Dr. Leduc, a French scientist, who has been conducting his investigations in the French abbattoirs. He has been using the intermittent low tension currents and says that he is satisfied that the system is painless, the central functions of perception being first destroyed and then those of circulation and respiration, so that there is neither suffering nor reaction in the animals thu killed. The doctor is endeavoring to devise some piece of apparatus by which the killing of cattle may be accomplished by electricity with economy and celerity.

The Shy Man.

Women show no mercy to the shy man, for he stands outside of the compass of convention. Could he break out all might be saved; the man might be permanently cured. But he cannot. He has been brought up to respect convention. His muscles may be of steel, his heart of fire, but in his soul the spirit of diffidence holds him in a vice. In a drawing room he stands gaping, quaking, a prey to introspective torment—he who would perhaps storm a rampart with a triumphant smile on his lips.—London Observer.

Hanging Pictures Dangerous.

"Railroad casualties receive such wide publicity," said an insurance man, "that there is a common belief on the part of the public that one is more liable to accidents while travelling than when living the simple life in the confines of his home. "As a matter of cold fact, statistics show that accident insurance companies pay more money to people who get hurt hanging pictures or taking stoves apart than they do to the victims of head-on collisions. It sounds strange, but it's the truth."—Kansas City Journal.

Three Men to Move Book.

There lies in the British Museum the largest book yet printed, a colossal atlas of engraved ancient Dutch maps. It takes three men to move it from the giant book case in which it is stored in the library of the museum. It is bound in leather, magnificently decorated, and is fastened with clasps of solid silver, richly gilt. It is nearly seven feet high and weighs 800 pounds and was presented to King Charles II. before he left Holland in the year 1660.

Valuable East African Forest.

The Colonial Office recently sent out an expert to report on the Kenia forest, in the East Africa protectorate. He finds the forest extends 287 miles long by eight miles broad, and comprises 1,000,000 acres of timber. Taking the average value of the 2½d. per cubic foot, this works out to £23 per acre, or a total value for the whole forest of £23,000,000.—London Tit-Bits.

Dead Historians.

I for my part believe in the dead historians. I glory in the possession of some hundreds of volumes by them. A great deal of cant is talked and written on this subject. There is an idea in some minds that a book on history to be good must be new. In nine cases out of ten the new book is a common-place re-statement of facts that were better presented by an older writer.—The Sphere.

A Man and a Woman.

A man's idea of being stylishly dressed is to wear something in which he looks atrociously bad; a woman's to wear something no other woman can duplicate.

STRATEGICAL USES OF TAILS.

The Clever Little Weasel and His Means of Defense.

Take another of our animals, a fierce little weasel, clad in summer in a coat of brown, in winter turning white, but always with a jet black tip to the tail. The ermine, as it is incorrectly called in its winter coat, has an easy time of it, sneaking upon the mice and birds upon which it preys, but when a hawk takes after it in an open field in the sunlight or an owl in the moonlight, it would have but short shrift with all its sinuous leaping, were it not that the black tail tip is so conspicuous that it constantly attracts the eye and allows the pure white of the body to be confused with the snow. Even when we place a dead weasel on the snow and look at it from a distance we realize how true this is, and how valuable must be the pencil tufts of black hairs to this little vermin who spends his life in hunting or being hunted.—The Outing Magazine.

Everyone of Them a Bird.

A current newspaper item is as follows: "The wife of a Methodist minister in West Virginia, has been married three times. Her maiden name was Partridge; her first husband was named Robin; her second husband, Sparrow; and the present one's name is Quayle. There are now two young Robins, one Sparrow, and three little Quayles in the family. One grandfather was a Swan, and another was a Jay; but he's dead and now a bird of Paradise.

"They live on Hawk-ave., Eagleville, Canary Islands, and the fellow who wrote this article is a lyre bird and an interesting relative of the family."

Arctic Dog Life.

Nowhere in the world has the dog such unrestricted right of way as in our most northerly possession—Alaska. In winter, when the more than 60,000 square miles of territory are sealed up in solid ice, dogs are almost the sole means of getting from place to place—in fact, they seem necessary to life itself.

The aristocrats of Arctic dog life are the mail teams in the service of the United States Government. They are to-day a superior breed to the dogs employed some half dozen years ago before great gold discoveries demanded increased mail service.—St. Nicholas.

Names that Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil, neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carbolic acid is not an acid but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal but arcensic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar; cream of tartar has nothing of cream, nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and blacklead no lead.

Dogs Around Blacksmith Shops.

Two or three dogs are nearly always to be found loafing about every blacksmith shop. This fact is so well recognized that detectives when sent out after valuable dogs that have been lost invariably visit first all the blacksmith shops in the neighborhood. The reason why dogs visit the blacksmith shops is that they love inordinately the odor and the taste of burning hoofs. They sniff the odor as a woman sniffs a rose, and they eat the hoof parings as a gourmet eats truffles.—Minneapolis Journal.

Supply of Gold.

It is mainly from Africa, America and Australia that the world draws its supply of gold, some $400,000,000 worth won regularly every year. Africa leads with about $150,000,000; next comes the United States with about $95,000,000; Australia ranks third with some $85,000,000, while Russia, both in Europe and Asia, Mexico, Canada and several other countries, make up the remainder.

A Long Sleep.

An astonishing trance case has come to light in Berlin. A clerk, aged 46—a healthy normal man—suddenly fell asleep in June 1904. All efforts to awaken him were unsuccessful and the sleeper since then has never opened his eyes. He breathes regularly and swallows his food mechanically, but is insensible to the severest attempts to arouse him.

Lace Curtains.

Lace window curtains should always be soaked for an hour in cold water to which a little borax has been added, before being put into warm suds. This gets out the smoky smell that is sometimes so noticeable in curtains that have have been used in a city.

Life in Germany.

Every one who has travelled in Germany is familiar with the word "verboten"—forbidden. He finds it is verboten to almost everything which he thinks he has been accustomed to do in the United States.—Chicago Standard.

A Valuable Relic.

A thirteenth century copper and gilt ciborium, supposed to have come from Malmesbury abbey, was sold by auction in London for $30,000.

ANTIQUITY OF GLASS.

Made in Egypt Thousands of Years Before the Christian Era.

Though the art of making glass of certain kinds is very old, spectacles had to wait on the discovery or invention of some method that would produce it perfectly transparent. Specimens of glass have been found in the Egyptian tombs that are more than 4,000 years old, and glass bottles are represented on tombs at least 1,500 years earlier.

In Mesopotamia the art of making glass has been [illegible] least 2,000 years B. C. [illegible] of antiq[illegible] and w[illegible] wher[illegible] fr[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [

THE NIGHT RIDERS AIDED KENTUCKY

Original Organization Did Away with Toll Gates and Brought About Good Roads.

COMPANIES DISOBEYED THE LAW

Crimes Committed Now Are by Gangs Hiding Behind Name of Old Association Which Caused the Abolishment of the Turnpike Companies.

Louisville, Ky.—There has not been, it is said, a crime of mob violence committed in this State, in Tennessee, or, in fact, in any of the Southern States or in any of the Middle Western States in the past several years, with the exception of the occasional lynching of a negro by a mob, that has not been shouldered on the Night Riders.

The Night Riders were an organized body back in 1900, when the State Legislature passed a law doing away with private ownership of State roads. For months the turnpike corporations refused to obey the State laws. They appealed to the State Supreme Court, then to the Court of Appeals, and lastly to the United States Supreme Court, and on each appeal they would get a stay, which made it possible for them to continue running their toll gates and charging two cents a mile for every horse or vehicle that passed over their property.

Because of the law's delay the condition of the roads became impassible. The owners of the turnpikes would not expend one cent for improvements as long as there was question of their losing their property by a final court decision, but they did not cease to mulct travellers. All this while they refused to accept the fair price offered by the State for their roads.

It was then that the Night Riders were organized. The organization spread from Shelby County to every part of the State, and one night in the late fall men rode from their homes and began burning toll gates. There is no record of a toll gate keeper being injured unless he showed resistance. Then he was taken from the house, and if he continued to be defiant he was flogged. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the tole gate keeper was glad to give up his job and let the gate burn.

Night Riders undoubtedly brought the turnpike corporations to terms. There was not a toll gate left standing in the State of Kentucky by the following spring. Had the taxpayers and farmers been contented to allow the law to take its never ending course the chances are that toll gates would still be holding up travellers on the State roads to-day, and that the roads would have been worse now than they were when the Night Riders became organized.

The Kentucky roads now are among the best in the United States. There are not millions of dollars of watered stock on which to pay interest, and the State tax has improved them and even made it possible for almost all of them to be sprinkled with oil during the summer season, thus laying the dust.

The success of the Night Riders in the war against toll gates led to an organization of a similar character when the fight was waged against the American Tobacco Company. But out of this last organization there grew a body of violent men, who live on excitement and thrive on lawlessness. Then sprang up, too, lawless bodies of men in many of the Southern and Middle Western States, who chose to call themselves Night Riders, though the probabilities are that 99 per cent. of the men didn't own so much as a horse to ride.

If a list of the original body of Night Riders could be had the chances are that the names of many men who figured in the operations of the old Ku-Klux gang would be found, and if this list were sifted down it would show that many property-owners and men of prominence had resorted to violence because of their belief that action was their only safeguard against ruin, and that a defiance of law had to be met by a like defiance.

Psyche Knot a Life Saver.

Altoona, Pa.—Having washed and dried her hair, Mary Housner, aged twenty-two, did it up in a Psyche knot and walked out on the front porch. While she leaned against the railing it gave way and she was precipitated backward, head first, ten feet to the sidewalk, alighting on her head. The coiffure broke the impact of her head against the flagstones, but she did not entirely escape injury.

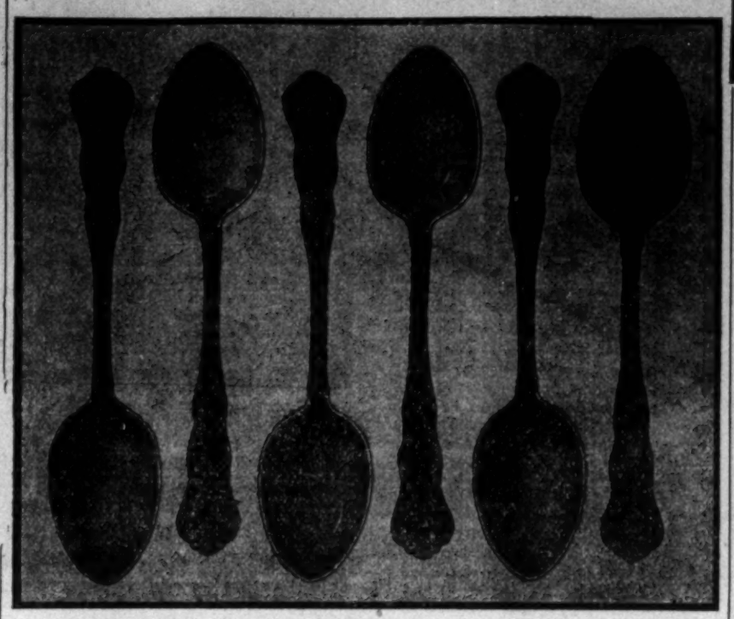
She suffered a slight concussion of the brain, but recovered consciousness a few hours later.

Old Age Common in Rochefort.

Paris, France.—Rochefort seems to be a great town for longevity. Investigation of the records reveals the fact that during the last century from January 1, 1801, to December 31, 1900, 144 persons in Rochefort attained the age of 90 or over. Two of these were centenarians, one reaching the age of 103, and the other dying at 106.

2 GREAT OFFERS

This Spendid Six-Piece Set of W. H. Rogers' Guaranteed Silver Ware Free to the Washington Bee Subscribers.



Famous W. H. Rogers Brand Warranted Solid Silver Metal, Beautifully Finished. No Plating to Wear Off.

SET OF SIX TEA SPOONS

Absolutely guaranteed by manufacturers to wear forever. Solid silver metal throughout—they cannot tarnish.

Rogers Silverware needs no introduction to the American public. For more than 50 years the standard, it is recognized the world over as the very best there is made. The name Rogers stamped on a piece of silverware represents the highest type of skill and workmanship and material.

Unquestionably the Daintiest and Acceptable Premium Ever Ever Offered by Any Newspaper.

The Bee wishes to add two thousand new subscribers to its circulation within the next three months, and to accomplish this is offering these beautiful sets free to each person who will bring or mail to The Bee office. one new subscription paid one year in advance.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Bee Publishing Co.,
Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find $2.00, for which please send me The Washington Bee for one year, and send me at once, free, postage paid, one six-piece set of Rogers Solid Silver Metal Spoons, as advertised.

Name .....
Address .....
Name .....
Address .....

Everybody get busy and take advantage of these splendid offers made to old and new subscribers of The Bee alike.

The above shears and spoons supplied and guaranteed by the HAMILTON SILVER CO. Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.

This Offer of The Washington Bee Will Appeal Especially to Women

SELF-TIGHTENING SHEARS

The Best Shears In The World
The Winner Louisiana Exposition Shears

GUARANTEED

If this pair of Shears breaks or in any way becomes defective within five years from date of purchase, they will be replaced with a new pair without cost.

Hamilton Silver Co., Factory B. Muncie, Indiana.

Notice the Guarantee Given by The Hamilton Silver Co. Can you beat it?

A FIVE-YEAR GUARANTEE CERTIFICATE ACCOMPANIES EACH PAIR OF THESE SHEARS
THE INDUSTRIAL TENSION SPRING WHICH GIVES THE DEFERENCE IN THE SHEARS
SUPPLIED AND GUARANTEED BY HAMILTON SILVER CO. FACTORY B. MUNCIE, IND.

Come to our office, 1109 Eye Street, northwest, and see this "Self-Tightening Shear." You never saw anything like it.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

HOW WHEN WHY To Get a Pair.

1—Bring us one NEW subscriber, paid one year in advance; or three NEW subscribers, each paid three months in advance.

2—RIGHT NOW because this is an excellent offer and in all probability our supply will soon be exhausted.

3—Because it costs you nothing—it is impossible to buy them—if you could the Shears would cost you about $1.50.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Washington Bee Publishing Co.,
1109 Eye Street, Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find $2.00 for which please send me for one year, The Washington Bee, and at once, free, postage paid, one pair of Self-Tightening Shears, as advertised.

Name ..... Address .....
Name ..... Address .....
Name ..... Address .....

AWAITED DEATH IN DESERT.

Body of B T. Pratt, Dead from Hunger and Thirst, Found in California.

Los Angeles, Cal.—"Water, if I could only find water! I'm suffering terribly from hunger. To-day I ate some green brush, but I can't go any more. I wonder how long it will take to die."

These entries in the notebook of B. T. Pratt, whose body was found on the desert in Inyo county by two prospectors, give pathetic evidence of the suffering the man underwent as he watched the approach of death far from human habitation. The diary also was found by G. W. Lewis and S. E. Shattuck, the prospectors while on a trip through the Argus Mountains in Inyo county. Pratt had been dead nearly two months. He was evidently trying to reach the mountains, where he knew he would find food of a sort and water in abundance, but within sight of his refuge he gave out and could go no further. Pratt was sixty years old. The entries in the notebook were scribbled and began only when the man found he was in danger of dying.

"Food gave out to-day; guess I can make Argus," was the entry for August 3, seven days after he had started to cross the desert. "Water gone," told the story of the following day.

For one whole day he went without water or food, but maintained an optimistic spirit, as is witnessed by the following entry for Augut 6:

"Signs of water about half mile ahead. There will be green stuff there too. Will reach it early in the morning." But evidently the desert was playing tricks on him, as it so often does by means of a mirage. Two days later came the two entries quoted first. The last entry reads:—

"I left Grapeville, Inyo county, Cal., July 28. Tom Spratt told me I would perish. I thought I could make it, but got lost, so guess I will have to give in. I have no water, nothing to eat and can't walk. I have brothers, C. H. Pratt, at Banner Springs, Wyandotte county, Kan.; E. B. Pratt, in St. Louis, and W. R. Pratt, Custer county, Wyoming."

LONGEST AUTO FREIGHT LINE.

Cars Will Carry 27 Passengers and 10 Tons of Freight.

Spokane, Wash.—What is believed to be the longest automobile freight and passenger stage line on the continent is in operation between Oroville and Brewster in Okanogan County, Wash., connecting with a steamer line to Wenatchee.

The line has two 60-horse power cars, which will carry twenty-seven passengers and ten tons of freight, making the run of eighty miles in eight hours. The trip by wagon occupies almost two days. Branch lines will also be established to other points in the Okanogan country. The other line is between Marcus and Kettle Falls in Stevens County, north of Spokakne, connecting with a steamer to Spokane Falls.

These cars will be of twenty-five and thirty horse power, respectively. F. L. Barney has charge of the automobile line, while Capt. Bruce A. Griggs, a veteran river man, will operate the steamer line.

HAS A RABBIT PLAGUE.

Bold Cottontails Destroy Crops on California Ranches.

San Francisco, Cal.—Jack rabbits are said to be so numerous in the Antelope valley of California that the ranchmen are in despair. The animals are becoming so fierce that they are actually breaking down the fences around the adjacent fields and eating crops down to the roots. Not content with this, they are swarming into the desert towns and invading front yards of the dwellers.

Citizens of Lancester turned out recently and made a round-up. They put up a fence across the road between fences surrounding fields on each side and in short time drove in and killed with clubs five hundred jack rabbits.

EAGLE KILLS A SHARK.

Ship's Crew Witness Desperate Fight in Chesapeake Bay.

Baltimore.—A remarkable combat between a large eagle and a shark was witnessed recently by Captain Henderson and the crew of the steamer Tangier in Chesapeake Bay. When coming out of Occohannock Creek they saw the eagle dive and come to the surface with a shark. Then followed a fierce struggle, the shark pulling the eagle under the water until it was almost exhausted. The fish was finally killed and floated dead on the water.

Members of the steamer's crew put off in a small boat and captured the eagle, although it clawed them repeatedly and its mate, hovering close by, tried to attack them.

Shot an Albino Squirrel.

Marquette, Mich.—While hunting near Grand Marais, Gustav Herbert shot and killed an albino squirrel. It has been presented to James Cairns, of Grand Marais, and will be mounted. Albino deer are occasionally killed in upper Michigan, but this is the first time of which there is record that a white squirrel has been bagged.

James F. Oyster

THE LEADING PLACE IN THE CITY FOR BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

OYSTER'S BUTTER IS THE SWEETEST IN THE MARKET. HIS CHEESE IS THE PUREST AND EGGS THE FRESHEST.

SQUARE STANDS, CENTER MARKET, 5TH AND K STREETS, NORTHWEST, AND RIGGS MARKET.

OFFICE

WHOLESALE DEALER AND SALESMAN, 900 AND 902 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NORTHWEST.

M. HENNESSY

Buffet and Restaurant. The Best place in the city for hot lunches and dinner. 216 Ninth Street, Northwest.

THE MAGIC IS TWO TIMES LARGER THAN PICTURE-IT IS 9 IN. LONG
STEEL HEATING BAR
SHAMPOO DRIER MFG CO
ALUMINUM COMB
THE MAGIC SHAMPOO DRIER AND HAIR-STRAIGHTENER.
MAILED ANYWHERE IN U.S. POSTAGE PAID $1.00
SEND MONEY BY POST OFFICE MONEY ORDER
Address all letters to Magic Shampoo Drier Co. Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. Agnes Smith, 1308 L st reet, northwest, this city, is the agent. Call or send for the Magic Shampoo ad Hair Straightener. 1308 L street. northwest, Washington, D. C.

NEW YORK CANDY KITCHEN, 1506 SEVENTH STREET, NORTHWEST.

SPECIAL CANDIES.

10 CENTS PER POUND, 3 POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS.

MIXED FANCY CHOCOLATES,

15 CENTS PER POUND.

2 POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS.

ICE CREAM

30 CENTS PER QUART, $1.00 PER GALLON.

1506 7TH STREET, NORTHWEST.

E. VOIGT.

If you want something in thhe jewelry line, Catholic Bibles, or anything as a Christmas gift to friends, read the advertisement of E. Voigt in another column of The Bee. This is one of the most reliable places in the city, where you may obtain the genuine article.

Mr. Voigt is a man of the most accommodating disposition. Treat him right and he will do likewise.

HOUSE AND HERRMAN.

If you want to purchase Christmas and New Year household goods, and if you cannot satisfy yourself elsewhere, give House and Herrman a call. This establishment is one of the largest in the city. Theer is no excuse for the housewife; she is in a position to call and make her own selection.

Every husband should see that his wife is satisfied before the beginning of the New Year.

Louis J. Kessel,

Importer of and Wholesale Dealer in

WINES AND whiskies

Sole Owner of the.....
... Following Brands:
Private Stock,
Old Reserve,
Hermit
Oxford,
Tremont

425 TENTH SREET, N. W.
Telephone—Main—160

Wm. Cannon

GET THE BEST.

Old Purissima Whiskey is a compound of pure grain and free from harmful impurities. Guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drug Act, June 30, 1906.

Sold by William Carman, 1225 7th street, northwest. Phone. North, 528.

CHAS. H. JAVINS & SONS,
FISH
POULTRY AND OYSTER DEALERS,
930 C STREET NORTHWEST,
AND
CENTER MARKET.
PHONE, MAIN 4480
WASHINGTON, D. C.

JAMES H. HUDNELL.

Mr. James H. Hudnell, one of the best known business men in this city has returned to Castleberg's National Jewelry Co., 935 Penna. Ave., N. W. Mr. Hudnell can always be relied upon to give you the genuine article. Now is the time to place your orders before the holidays. Phone. Main 2363.

Address 2009 9th street northwest.

VELV-INE

WILL GIVE YOU SMOOTH SILKEN TRESSES. THE MOST OBSTINATE HAIR YIELDS TO IT. KEEPS THE SCALP HEALTHY, PREVENTS DANDRUFF AND FALLING HAIR. EASY TO USE. SEND 25 CENTS FOR MONTH'S SUPPLY, PREPAID TO ANY ADDRESS.

M. MAYO—CIRCUIT ROAD, —NEW ROCHELLE, N.Y.

DADE'S BUFFET,
Choice
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Polite Attention
Ladies' and Gents' Dining Room
Meals Served at All Hours
Pool Room Attached
MOSES DADE, Proprietor,
1216 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Washington, D. C.

Things are going in a rush at the drug store of Board & McGuire 1912½ 14th St. N. W. Best up-town store to buy fine Candies, perfumery, cigars and toilet articles, as well as drugs and medicines of the best quality.

VIOLIN Recital

VIOLIN RECITAL OF MISS VIRGINIA MOORE

At the Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Church, Friday evening January 22, 1909. Assisted by the popular reader, Miss Julia E. Brooks.

Tickets 25 cents.

For further particulars see small bills.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

THE

JETER BROTHERS

The Jeter Brothers of Newport, Rhode Island, Assisted by Miss Mary L. Europe, will give a High Class Concert and Reception at the True Reformers Hall, U St. bet. 12th and 13th. N. W. Monday evening, Jan. 18. 1909. Lyric Orchestra. R. E. Giles, Mngr., Doors open 7:30 p. m., Carriages Call 2 a. m.—Seats To all Parts of the House, 25 cents.

J. Thomas Tascoe,
Manager.

Messrs. H. Leonard, 'cellist, and Walter H. R. Jeter, pianist and violinist are well known by many of the leading musicial people of New England and Middle Atlantic States. They are young men of sterling character and pleasing manners. They perform on their several instruments skillfully and hold the attention of the most fastidious with the pleasing results.

Mr. H. Leonard Jeter is possibly the only representative violincello soloist that the race can claim. He comes from a musical family, each member of which has distinguished himself in the playing of one or more instruments.

Mr. Walter H. R. Jeter is a pianist and violinist of much merit. He performs on both instruments with ease and grace.

At the different concerts where he has performed he has always been heartily applauded. He is a genius.—Fall River Globe.

ROOMS

Nicely furnished and unfurnished rooms. Hot and cold baths. 2018 Vermont avenue, northwest.

FOR RENT

Furnished room, with steam heat and gas. 1002 26th Street northwest.

Excellent furnished room with hot and cold baths. Centrally located, and and cold baths. Centrally locate, and within one hundred yards of two lines of cars. Address, Box C, Bee Office.

E. MURRAY

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ICE CREAM AND CONFECTIONS.

OYSTERS IN SEASON.

1216 YOU STREET, NORTHWEST. PHONE. NORTH 908.

FIRST COLORED CLERK.

Mr. Alexander H. Brooks, of this city, has been appointed to a clerkship in the Department of Agriculture by Secretary James Wilson, and has been assigned to duty in the office of the Secretary as clerk in charge of the executive mail. This is the first appointment of the kind given to a colored man in the Department of Agriculture. Mr. Brooks went into this Department about twenty years ago as a messenger, and his advancement is the result of a clerk-promotion examination which he passed last April.

Read The Bee.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS.

(Continued from page 1.)

vited to be present at the Pythian Temple, Saturday, anuary 23, for the purpose of organizing a club of native Arkansans.

The indications are that the District will celebrate the 100th birthday anniversary of Lincoln by holding a big mass meeting.

Director John Barrett says that the Young Men's Christian Association is the strongest proof that the United States has a right to lead in the world.

Mr. A. Hayson, after serving as permanent secretary of West Lodge, G. U. O. O. Fellows, for thirty-six years, resigned that position last month. Washington is proud of the record made by Mr. Hayson.

Mr. Thomas E. Green, Jr., has been elected as enrolling clerk of the Ohio Senate. Mr. Greene was practicing law in Youngstown, Ohio.

The Southern Workman, for January is filled with interesting matter on live topics, among which are "Indians to help the Indians" and "A way to help Negroes."

Professor C. W. Luckie, one of the foremost educators of Texas, died on the first of the month at Prairie View.

HARVEY. Suddenly, on January 9, 1909. Lee Roy, beloved husband of Henrietta Harvey of 121 K street, northwest; devoted father of Marietta Clinkscales, Rosina Corrothers, Benjamin, Janette, Harry Harvey, and brother of Janette Turner.

Funeral was from the Second Baptist Church, 3rd street, between H and I streets, northwest. Tuesday, January 12, at 1 p. m.

100 SINNERS asked for PRAYER WATCH NIGHT.
COME ONE COME ALL
100,000 CHRISTIAN SOLDIERS WANTED!
At The
GREAT UNION REVIVAL MEETING
commenced DECEMBER 31, 1908
AT
COSMOPOLITAN TEMPLE BAPTIST CHURCH

N Street Northwest, between 9th and 10th, Washington, D. C.
Conducted by the World's Great Evangelist
REV. SIMON P. W. DREW, D.D.

The pastor of said church, assisted by Evangelist Rev. William Perry, D.D. Prophet Andrew Jones of Philadelphia, Pa. Rev. J. J. Jackson, of Buckingham County, Virginia. Revs. Prince Rhann, Solomon Pollard, Brother Dixon. Jubilee and prayer meeting leaders.

Fully 50,000 people have already in different parts of the United States have been converted by the preaching of Dr. Drew.

These meetings will be conducted every night at 7:30 p. m., except Saturday, **until February 21, 19**
Childrens' Meeting from 3 to 5 p. m.
Notice—Baptizing Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

NOTICE All person or persons who have no Church-Home are cordially invited to join the Cosmopolitan Temple Baptist Church.

Give name to pastor or clerk at any service.

Pastoral Residence, 2014 8th Street, northwest, Washington, D. C.

THE CHRISTMAS PERIOD.

The Christmas period this season was more enchanting than usual to the colored women of New York, because they looked better and their beaux looked better than ever before. The reason is they have learned to use the Chemical Wonder Company's remarkable discoveries to make colored people more prepossessing and presentable. These "Wonders" consist of "Complexion Wonder," which gives a lighter color to any colored skin and improves any colored countenance. This Company has a "Wonder Comb," which keeps the hair straight, flexible and luxuriant. If the hair is too short, one should use "Wonder Hair Grow," which fertilizes the scalp and makes the hair grow longer, just as fertilizer in the cotton field will make the cotton grow. Any of these "Wonders" will be sent for 50 cents by M. B. Berger & Co., 2 Rector street, New York City.

Tennessee Whiskey
—A very rare 15 year old Bourbon of the finest quality and delicate taste.
$5 gal. $1.25 full qt.
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Quality House **909 7th St.** 'Phone M 974

IN SELECTING
FURNITU

OUR STORE SERVICE IS AN ADVANTAGE

Our systematic arrangement of a great number of distinct styles, with the advantage of a great warehouse for surplus stock, enables us to show an enormous range of styles not carried by the average store. Our salesmen are anxious to please, and they will take pleasure in giving each customer careful attention, no matter how small or large the purchase.

When in Doubt, Buy of HOUSE & HERRMANN
7th and I (Eye) Streets, N. W.
Convenient Credit Terms Arranged.

JUSTH'S OLD STAND.

Workingmen, no doubt you read all about the big sales going on; but let them go. Get wise, and save a $5 note; come direct to our store and buy slightly used tailor-made suits at $3.50, and comfortable overcoats at $3.00, that will look well. One price only.

JUSTH'S OLD STAND,
619 D street northwest.

COLORED CATHOLIC WORK.

From the Sunday Morning Echo.

Several priests from the South, notably from Texas, have been urging Congress to take up seriously a discussion of the Negro situation. They point out that the Negro is quite industrious and an entirely inoffensive citizen when brought under the restraining influence of the Catholic religion. They show that we have a positive debt toward him. He is here not of his own free will, but at the will of the whites. We brought the Negro question on ourselves. Priests who have worked among Negroes are very sanguine over the success of well-directed missionary effort. Perhaps these priests have the best right to speak, for they have had experience to back their judgment. Recently there has been established in the United States a Bureau of Catholic work among Negroes, and it is expected that the paper on the Negro missions, which will be read by the Director-General, Rev. John E. Burke, of New York, will be one of the most interesting papers read, and call forth fruitful and practical discussion.

GRANT'S BODY-SERVANT DEAD.

"Albert" Was White House Coachman for Years.

"Albert," as he was known, or George Albert Hawkins, as was his formal name, for many years the colored body-servant to General U. S. Grant in the field and while president, and for twenty years a driver for presidents of the United States, was claimed by death here Sunday a ripe old age. As near as he knew he was about seventy-five years old.

"Albert" was born in Anne Arundel county, Maryland, and came a small boy to this city. When about twenty-five years old he obtained the post as General Grant's servant, and after the war was made the driver of the White House carriage.

This place he held under every president from Grant to Harrison, until in 1888 that executive appointed him to the Pension Office.

Some five years ago he was transferred to the Government Printing Office, where he remained until a few months ago, when declining health and old age confined him to his home. The immediate cause of the death was Bright's disease.

"Albert" is survived by an unmarried daughter. Interment was in the Glenwood Cemetery.

THOMAS J. CALLOWAY,
Attorney at Law.
494 Louisiana Avenue,
Washington, D. C
General Pracitce. Phone M 2404
Prompt and Careful Attention to All Matters.
TRY HIM.

MURRAY'S DRUG STORE.
SECOND STREET, S. W.
UP-TO-DATE IN EVERY PARTICULAR AS TO THE QUALITY OF OUR DRUGS—WHICH ARE STRICTLY FRESH.
A COMPLETE NEW LINE OF HOLIDAY GOODS. JUST THE THINGS FOR A HOLIDAY GIFT, AT THE USUAL PRICES.
MURRAY'S,
SECOND STREET. S. W.

J. D. O'CONNOR,
Union Bar, and Union Goods.
Yellow Keystone Pure Rye Whiskey.
J. D. O'CONNOR'S BUFFET,
Cor. Seventh and P Sts. N. W.
Tel. Lincoln 2969

SIGNORA ANNIE FAZZI

All kinds of hair cleaned
Wigs, braids, pompadours, puffs, and curls made to order.
801 East Capitol St.,
Wash, D. C.

THE ONLY UP TO DATE HAIR DRESSING PARLOR IN THE CITY FOR COLORED LADIES. SCALP AND HAIR TREATMENT. ELECTRIC FACIAL AND SCALP MASSAGE. MANICURING, SHAMPOOING, ELECTRIC HAIR DRYING.
COMPETENT LADY ATTENDANTS. HAIR CULTURE A SPECIALTY.
DAVIS & THORN,
1403 & 1405 T STREET NORTH WEST.

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, GUNS, MECHANICAL TOOLS, LADIES' AND GENTS' WEARING APPAREL.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT.
UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.
361 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Why pay 10 percent when you can get it for 3 percent?
H. K. FULTON'S LOAN OFFICE,
No. 314 Ninth Street N. W.
Loans made on Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.
If you want to buy a good watch, diamond ring, or jewelry of any kind, look at our stock first. You can save money.

Straighten Your Hair

DEAR SIRS:—I have used only one bottle of your pomade and now I would not be without it, for it makes my hair soft and straight and easy to comb and also starts a new growth.
MRS. W. F. WALKER, Sta. 1—Harriman, Tenn.

Ford's Hair Pomade

(Formerly known as Ozonized Ox Marrow)
Fifty years of success has proved its merits. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade makes stubborn, harsh, kinky or curly-hair straight, soft and glossy and easy to comb, and arranges in any style desired consistent with its length.
Removes and prevents dandruff, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off and gives it new life and vigor.
Absolutely harmless—used with splendid results even on the youngest children.
Delicately perfumed, its use is a pleasure, as ladies of refinement everywhere declare.
Ford's Hair Pomade has imitators. Don't buy anything else alleged to be "just as good." If you want the best results, buy the best Pomade—it will pay on. Look for this name

Charles Ford Prop.

on every package.
If your druggist cannot supply you with the genuine, we will send you
One bottle regular size for . . . $ .50
Three bottles " " . . . 1.40
Six " " " . . . 2.50
One bottle, small " 25
We pay postage and express charges to all points in U.S.A. When ordering send Postal or Express Money Order. All orders shipped promptly on receipt of price. Address
The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co.,
122 East Kinzie St. Chicago, Ill.
FORD'S HAIR POMADE is made only in Chicago by the above firm.
Agents Wanted Everywhere.

DR. MORSE'S DRUG STORE THE PALACE OF WEST END
WHY WAIT?

Never purchase inferior drugs. Always patronize a first class and up-to-date pharmacy, to have your prescriptions compounded. Use the best and purest soaps. Purchase fresh toilet articles. They can be obtained at the drug store of Dr. Morse.

Everything in the drug linemay be found in Dr. Morse's drug store.

Dr. J. W. Morse. 1904 L Street, Northwest.

Committee Of Twelve

Any one may obtain a copy of any of these publications now in print by writing to the Secretary of the Committee of Twelve, Hugh M Browne, Cheyney, Pa., and enclosing for each publication desired a two-cent paper wrapper addressed to himself.

*Out of print.
* To the Colored Men of Voting Age in Alabama.
Can the South Solve the Negro Problem?
Carl Schurz.
Why Disfranchisement is Bad.
Archibald H. Grimke.
* Voting Instructions to Maryland Voters.
* What a Colored Man should do to Vote.
Garrison Centenary Leaflet.
Slavery and the Race Problem in the South.
Hon. William H. Fleming.
The Atlanta Riot.
Ray Stannard Baker.
The Negro in America.
Andrew Carnegie.
Articles now in Press.
Address before the North Carolina Society in New York.
William H. Taft
Work of the Colored Law and Order League of Baltimore, Md.
James H. N Waring.
Study of the Negro's Progress in Jackson, Miss.
D. W. Woodard.
In Preparation.
Negro Self- Help in Education.
R .R. Wright, Jr.
Negro Self-Help in Home Getting.
Kelly Miller.
The Convict Lease System.
George W. Forbes.
Negro Self-Help in Hospital Work.
George C. Hall, M . D.
Paragraphs.
East Bessemer, Alabama. Negro Banks in Mississippi.
Some Successful Negro Business Men.
Business Cooperation between White and Negro Men in Helena, Arkansas.

In round numbers the circulation of the above articles has reached 100,000.

THE CRITERION CAFE

Mr, William H. Gwathney. formerly proprietor of the Eureka Cafe at 729 4th St. begs to announce that he has now opened the spacious and improved Criterion Cafe at First and G Sts. N. W.. Convenient to all car lines, within five minutes walk to Union Station and one square from Gov't Printing Office
Meals quickly carefully served at all hours, very reasonable. Hot home bread daily at breakfast. Fried chicken a specialty.
Furnished rooms & board. Steam heat, no rear rooms.

Phone. Main 7094
Residence; 310 Elm Street, Northwest.
I sell and rent houses.
JABEZ LEE.
Law, Loans and Real Estate.
619 F Street, Northwest,
Washington, D. C.
With John C. Keelan.

OLD MADE NEW.

If you want your clothing cleaned, altered or repaired, you should send a card or call at the up-to-date repair establishment. All work guaranteed or money refunded.

J. C. Colvin,
Proprietor,
614 D street, northwest.

SAN ANTONIO THE MECCA.

Dr. G. J. Starnes, a member of the recent International Congress on Tuberculosis, Washington, D. C., and a specialist on all lung and chest diseases, in addition to the use of Compound Oxygen, Compressed Air, and the Nebulizer, is using the best remedies introduced at that Congress, by the leading medical men of the profession.

He is located in San Antonio, Texas, the city designated by the World's Medical Congress in 1896, as one of the best for people suffering with any form of lung trouble.

Address 324 W. Commerce Street.

Phone, Main 2524.
ROBERT ALLEN,
BUFFET AND FAMILY LIQUOR STORE
1917 14th St. N. W.,

Visit The Best

One of the leading places in the city is that of Samuel G. Stewart, 1141 Seventh street northwest (between L and M streets), Washington, D. C.
Wines, Liquors, etc.
Phone, N 4117.

THE BEST IN TOWN

Buy your butter and eggs from the Elgin Creamery, 9th and Louisiana Avenues, northwest.